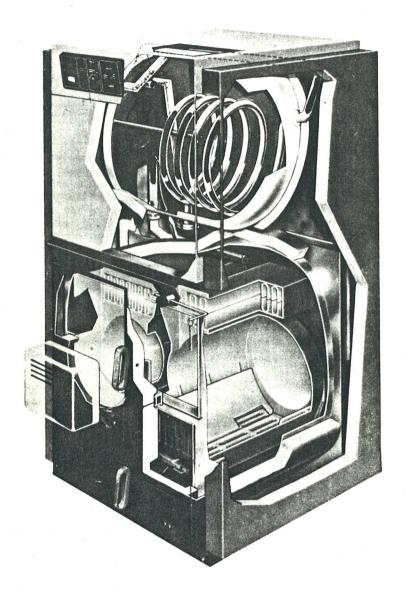
Hoval®



Hoval DuoLyt[®] Multi Fuel Boiler

with or without Domestic Hot Water Supply Tanks.

The installation of this equipment shall be made in accordance with all local and state ordinances as they may differ from this manual.

INSTALLATION & SERVICE MANUAL

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TECHNICAL DATA (WITHOUT TANK MODELS)

STANDARDS

Boiler with two completely separate combustion chambers and flue passes. Automatic switch over from solid fuel to fossil fuel. Dual thermolytic heat exchangers assure complete combustion and consistantly high efficiencies.

Working pressure 30 PSI. Operating temperature 194°F (90°C).

CONTROLS

The panel is packaged and includes selector switches, boiler thermometer, operating aquastat, limit aquastat, minimum aquastat, burner cable, automatic non-electric draft control for solid fuel firing.

INSULATION

Woven layered mineral wool insulation for assured heat retention.

CASING

Channel fitted steel case with baked enamel finish.

SHIPMENT

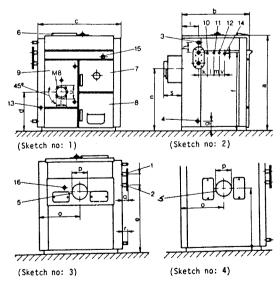
Boiler unit is shipped dismantled and casing is packed in a cardboard box, control panel is packed in a separate styrofoam box.

Boiler jacket:

Sheet-metal slip-in components with two color stoved enamel. Base beams with adjustable feet.

Shipment:

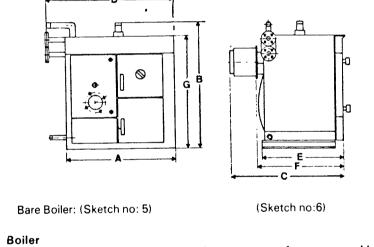
Boiler bolted on planks, jacket in cardboard box, controls in styrofoam box or mounted to top cover panel of jacket and with jacket components packed in cardboard box, grates for solid fuel and miscellaneous parts in combustion chamber.



- 1. Primary supply
- 2. Primary return
- 3. Relief valve
- 4. Boiler drain
- 5. Flue connection
- 6. Boiler control 7. Fill door
- 8. Ash-pit door
- 9. Burner door
- 10/11. Overheat coil
- 12. Socket for well overheat valve
- 13. Burner cable
- 14. Socket 1"
- 15. Draft regulator
- 16. Socket 4"

Model Duolyt 22 30 40 52	Output oil/gas MBH 88 120 160 208	Output coal/coke MBH 60 84 112 112	wood MBH 52 64 84 84	Primary water gal. 27 34 51	weight lbs. 620 685 895 895
	0	IL FIRING	DATA		
Model	Output gal./h	Flue gas °F	temp. °C	co. %	
Duolyt 22 30 40 52	0.75 1.10 1.30 1.75	410 419 437 428	210 215 225 220	11-13.00%	
32					
Model	Coal size	AL FIRING Flue gas		Draft	
MIDGE	inches	°F	°Ć	"WG	
Duolyt 22	34 - 11/2	515	268	0.08	
30	3/4 - 1 ½	515	268	0.09	
40	3/4 - 1 1/2	515	268	0.10	
52	1 1/4 - 2	515	268	0.10	
		OOD FIRING	G DATA		
Model	Wood length	Flue gas	temp.	Draft	
1110001	Inches	°F	°Ć	"WG	
Duolyt 22	/ 17	570	295	0.08	
30	17	570	295	0.09	
40	19	570	295	0.10	
52	19	570	295	0.10	

Specifications subject to change without notice.



Boiler Type 22 30	a 30¼ 34½	b 41¼ 44%	c 30% 30%	d 34½ 39⅓	e 24 24	f 26 % 25 %	g 34% 37 383	Lbs . 540 605 805
40-52	38¾	46	381/4	43	27%	30 %	38¾	803

Lbs = Boiler without jacket

	Spinistra and School	No. 1 to the Prince White Stage of the				_	
		DuoLyt				DuoLyt	
	22/-	30/-	40-52/-	_	22/-	30/-	40-52/-
а	42-7/8	43-3/4	45-1/8	m	2-1/2	2-1/2	2-1/2
Ď	29-3/4	29-1/2	30-2/8	n	27	28-3/4	29-3/8
c	34-5/8	38-3/4	43-1/4	0	9-5/8	12	21-1/2
ď	18	17-1/8	15-7/8	р	7-1/8	7-1/8	7-7/8
e	30-1/2	31-1/8	32-3/8	q	1-5/8	1-5/8	1-1/2
f	32-5/8	36	37-2/8	r	1-2/8	1-1/8	1-5/8
q	5-1/2	4-1/2	3-1/2	S	1-3/8	1-3/8	7-7/8
g h	4-1/8	4-5/8	4-3/4	t	4-3/4	4-3/4	4-3/4
i	7-7/8	8-1/8	4-5/8	u	5-7/8	5-7/8	5-7/8
k	4	4	4	v	3-1/2	3-3/4	5-1/2
- 1	3	3	3				

Hova

TECHNICAL DATA (WITH TANK MODELS) STANDARDS

Boiler with two completely separate combustion chambers and flue passes. Automatic switch over from solid fuel to fossil fuel. Dual themolytic heat exchangers assure complete combustion and consistent efficiency.

Working pressure 30 PSI. Operating temperature 194°F

DHW - TANK

Tank made from stainless steel. Flange mounted to the top of the boiler. Built-in heating coil, aquastat, and thermometer. Working pressure 100 PSI. Operating temperature 140°F (60°C).

CONTROLS

The panel is packaged and includes selector switches, temperature gauges, operating and limit aquastats, burner cable, automatic non-electric draft control for solid fuel firing.

INSULATION

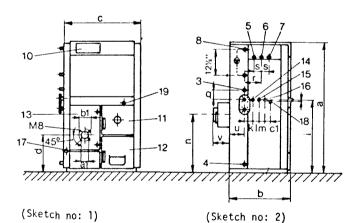
Woven layered mineral wool insulation for assured heat retention.

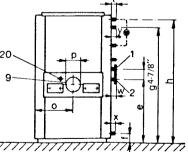
CASING

Channel fitted steel case with baked enamel finish.

SHIPMENT

Boiler unit is shipped dismantled and casing is packed in a cardboard box, control panel is packed separately in styrofoam box.





(Sketch no: 4)

(Sketch no: 3) Boiler jacket:

Sheet-metal slip-in components with two color stoved enamel. Base beams with adjustable feet.

Shipment:

Boiler bolted on planks, jacket in cardboard box, controls in styrofoam box or mounted to top cover panel of jacket and with jacket components packed in cardboard box, grates for solid fuel and miscellaneous parts in combustion chamber.

Model	Tank cap.	Output oil/gas	Output	Output wood	DHW	Primary	
	gal.	MBH	MBH	MBH	Output 140°F	water gal.	weight lbs.
Duolyt 22	40	88	60	52	106	27	620
30	40	120	84	64	106	34	685
40	58	160	112	84	165	51	895
52	58	208	112	84	165	51	895
		OIL	FIRING	DATA			
Model	Out	put	Flue ga	s temp.	C	0,	
	gal		°F ¯	°C	9	6	
Duolyt 22	-	75	410	210			
30	1.		419	215	11-1	3.00%	
40		30	437	225			
52	1.	75	428	220			
			FIRING	G DATA	4		
Model	Coal		Flue gas		Dra		
Duralist 22	incl		°F	°C	"W	-	
Duolyt 22	3/4 -		515	268	0.0	-	
30 40	3/4 -		515 515	268	0.0	-	
52	¾ - 1¼		515	268 268	0.1	-	
32	1 74	- 2	515	200	0.1	U	
	18/-		FIRIN	G DAT	A		
Model	Wo len		Elua aa		Dra		
Wicaes	Inc		Flue gas	°C	"W		
Duolyt 22	1		570	295	0.0	_	
30	1		570	295	0.0	-	
40	19		570	295	0.1	-	
52	19		570	295	0.1	-	
					•		

Specifications subject to change without notice.

		22/40	30/40	40/58 52/58
	а	60%	63¾	68%
	b	29¾	291/2	30%
1. Primary supply	С	34%	38¾	431/4
2. Primary return	d	18	171/8	15%
3. Relief valve	е	301/2	31%	32%
4. Boiler drain	f	51/2	41/2	31/2
5. Cold feed	g	53½	56%	60%
6. Tank relief valve	h	571/2	60%	631/8
7. DHW supply	i	325/8	36	37%
8. Tank return	k	4	4	4
9. Flue connection	ı	3	3	3
10. Boiler control	m	21/2	21/2	21/2
11. Fill door	n	27	28¾	29%
12. Ash-pit door	0	9%	12	211/2
13. Burner door	р	71/8	71/8	71/8
14./15. Overheat coil	q	41/8	4%	4¾
16. Socket for well overheat valve	r	6¾	6¾	10%
17. Burner cable	s	31/2	31/2	4
18. Socket 1"	t	43/4	3¾	31/2
19. Draft regulator	u	71/8	81/8	4%
20. Socket ¼"	V	1 %	1%	71/8
	W	1%	1%	1 1/2
	X	1%	1 1/8	1%
	У	23/8	13/8	13/8
	a,	43/4	43/4	43/4
	b,	51/8	5%	51/8
	С,	31/2	3¾	51/2

Duolyt

Tank type	Height "	Length "	Length with pipe "
40	21 %	301/8	38
58	25%	32	38 ⁷ , ₈

Tank:

Tank is bolted on boiler top and can be romoved for narrow access areas.



HOW THE HOVAL DUOLYT BOILER WITH DOMESTIC HOT WATER OPERATES

The Duolyt Boiler is designed to burn solid and fossil fuel in combination and will automatically switch over from solid to fossil fuel. The combustion system consists of completely separate combustion chambers and secondary flue passes, incorporating a common flue gas collector with a single breeching.

The domestic hot water system consists of a 40 or 58 gallon stainless steel water tank instead of the conventional tankless coil.

SOLID FUEL OPERATION

The Samson solid fuel boiler thermostat should be set for 180°F. The oil or gas burner control should be set for 170°F. When the solid fuel fire is established, if it is not sufficient to maintain boiler water temperature of more than 170°F, the fossil fuel burner will periodically run to maintain minimum heating capacity of 170°. Solid fuel (coal, wood) should not be burned during periods of mild weather because, unlike a gas or oil burner, a solid fuel fire continues to burn even if the house does not require heat, and the boiler water will overheat causing the overheat valve to open. If this occurs it indicates that the solid fuel fire should be allowed to go out.

FOSSIL FUEL OPERATION

The operation of fossil fuel burner is controlled by the operating control located on the master control panel and can be set for the desired operating temperature, but in any case should be set to maintain a minimum water temperature of 170°F during solid fuel operation.

DOMESTIC HOT WATER OPERATION

The domestic hot water tank is a flange mounted tank constructed of corrosion proof material. The control system is of a unique design, which allows the domestic water temperature to be held at 140°F or lower. This system prevents lime and mineral build-up in the tank. The Duolyt boiler is also available without the domestic hot water tank and control system.

INSTALLATION & OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE HOVAL DUOLYT BOILER

OIL OR GAS FIRING

- 1. Make sure the boiler is full of water.
- Set the Sampson Solid Fuel Draught Regulator in a low setting 30°C (86°F) (Use red numbers).
- 3. Set Draught Reducing Flap in the oil position.
- Set burner control aquastat. (Round black knob on electrical panel) counter-clock-wise to its lowest position app. 60°C.
- Set burner switch to the on position. Burner should start. Run burner until the primary boiler thermometer reads 30°C (86°F). Stop burner.
- Set the knob on the Samson Draft Regulator to 30°C (use red numbers). Adjust chain so that the chain is tight and the bottom draft door is closed.
- 7. Start burner. The boiler should heat to approximately 70°C (158°F) before the burner control aquastat cuts out the burner. Now set the burner control aquastat to the desired temperature all the way clock-wise will give a maximum temperature of approximately 83°C (180°F). Check the oil or gas burner safety controls. Refer to instructions packed with the burner. Using a CO₂ kit, set combustion efficiency to approximately 86-88%.

SOLID FUEL FIRING

The solid fuel firing of the boiler should basically only be operated when the outside temperatures are low, which means that a high percentage of heat is required. It is therefore recommended that during spring, summer and autumn the boiler should be operated with oil or gas.

- Run oil or gas burner until the boiler heats up. This will increase draft and help the starting of the solid fuel fire.
- 2. Shut burner switch.
- Open draught reducing flap on the backside of the boiler. (A.U.F.)
- Set Sampson Solid Fuel Draught Regulator to 80°C (176°F). Using paper and small pieces of wood to establish fire. IMPORTANT: DO NOT OVERLOAD FIRE BOX WITH KINDLING WOOD.

WOOD FIRING

- 5. Use only air-dried wood with a maximum water content of 20%. This means at least 1½ years of seasoning. Fill fire box with wood. Set burner control aquastat approximately 15°F below Sampson Solid Fuel Control, but in no case below 75°C (165°F). Running the boiler below 165°F when burning solid fuel will cause excessive creosote build-up when burning wood and excessive sulphur build-up on the heat exchanger when burning coal. The minimum chimney draught should be .02" WG with a hot chimney. Periodically fill chamber with coal, coke or charcoal. This will burn off any creosote or tar build-up on the heat exchanger. After the coal burns down, clean the whole solid fuel, firing system (combustion chamber and secondary flue passes.)
- After solid fuel fire is established, turn on oil burner switch.
- 7. Keep ash pit clean. Build up of ash under grates will burn out the grates.
- 8. Important tip for coal size. DL22/40 size of coal ¾" to 1¼". DL52/65 size of coal 1¼" to 2".

PRECAUTIONS TO BE OBSERVED

- Burn wood only in tile line masonry chimney or U.L. approved solid fuel chimney.
- 2. Burn only seasoned hardwood.
- Before summer, completely clean solid fuel section of boiler to prevent boiler damage from potash, a byproduct of creosote which forms when summer moisture mixes with creosote.
- Be sure to install the siphon loop on the supply water piping to the domestic water tank for tank draining purposes as shown in the piping diagrams.
- Be sure to install a pressure reducing valve on the supply line to the domestic hot water tank where water systems deliver more than 85 P.S.I.
- Do not use the overheat coil as a tankless domestic water heater or products insurance coverage will be voided.
- Use only gas or oil burners approved by Repco Products Corp.
- 8. Do not use oil, gas or lighter fluid to start solid fuel fire.
- Do not attach water heater or other appliances to boiler smoke pipe.
- Keep smoke pipe as short as possible and down at least 18" from floor joist.
- 11. Do not burn garbage or trash.
- 12. Keep ash pit clean. The grates require air to pass throught them to prevent them from burning.
- In case of power failure, manually open mixing valve, flow checks or zone valves. (Have heating contractor show you how this is done).
- 14. In case step no. 13 does not work, it might require dumping of the fire.



Operating and Maintenance Instructions HOVAL DUOLYT MULTI-FUEL BOILERS with or without **Domestic Hot Water Supply Tank**

Boiler Sizes and Output

Boiler ranges	Output BTU	Tank capacity
Duolyt 22	88,000	40 gallon
Duolyt 30	120,000	40 gallon
Duolyt 40	160,000	58 gallon
Duolyt 52	208,000	58 gallon

Clearance and Installation Standards

The Hoval Duolyt boilers cannot be installed on a combustible floor and the following clearances from combustibles shall be observed for all Duolyt boilers:

6 inches Sides 24 inches Rear 48 inches Front

(with Domestic 6 inches Top

Hot Water Tank)

18 inches (without Domestic

Hot Water Tank)

Smoke pipe

18 inches connection

These clearances may be reduced if installation is in accordance with NFPA No. 31 and NFPA No. 211 pamphlet. These standards are available from the National Fire Protection Association, 470 Atlanta Avenue, Boston, Massachusetts.

Approval of Operation 2.

Hoval Duolyt Multi-fuel Boilers have been tested and are approved for oil firing not heavier than no. 2 oil, wood firing and coal firing and gas firing.

Caution: Do not burn garbage, waste oil, gasoline or any other fuel except that specified by the manufacturer. These boilers cannot be operated with an automatic stoker.

Storage of Combustible Fuel 3.

Do not store any solid fuel within the specified clearances of the boiler, oil storage must be at least 5 feet from this appliance, or in accordance with NFPA pamphlet no. 31. Wood should be stored in a dry place with as low moisture content as possible for the proper operation of wood firing. (Less than 20% is desirable.)

4. Charging Level

The maximum wood load level for the Duolyt boilers is as far up as the crown sheet of the appliance. When coal firing, the coal level shall not be above the bottom edge of the fuel charging door.

5. Chimney Design

The chimney for the Hoval Duolyt Multi-fuel boilers shall be of masonry construction and tile lined. For best possible operation, this chimney should be interior to the home. The chimney tile should not be less than 8" x 8" in dimension, and not less than 20' in height.

Warning: Any chimney used for burning wood should be checked periodically and thoroughly cleaned at the end of each heating season. The boiler and smoke pipe should be checked monthly when burning solid fuel and cleaned whenever creosote begins to accumulate.

Chimney Draught

The draught for this appliance can be adjusted by using the damper control furnished. These boilers can be operated without an automatic draught regulator. The damper furnished with the boiler is marked by the manufacturer and should be opened when burning solid fuel. When burning oil a -0.02 inches WC draught over the fire is required. When firing solid fuel on a tall chimney with high draught the damper may be adjusted so that the draught does not exceed - .08 - .10 inches WC draft (depending on model).

Overheat Safety Coil 7.

All Hoval Duolyt Multi-fuel boilers are manufactured with an internal overheat coil. This will maintain boiler water temperature below 220°F on power failure or if for any other reason water circulation stops. The automatic non-electric syr valve (or equal) will open and allow cooling water to flow through the coil.

The piping to the coil should not be restricted or have any other valve installed in the loop. This coil must be piped to a proper drain in accordance with local or state plumbing codes.

Caution: During periods of electric power failure, these boilers can be operated safely. If power should be interrupted, open the mixing valve manually. If zone valves are used they should be opened manually. If zoned with circulators, all flow checks must be manually opened. The wood or coal should be fired in small quantities during any period of power failure. If not on potable water supply, but on a well, the water pressure should be checked periodically, and upon loss of water pressure, the system should be shut down.

8. Safety Controls

The Hoval Duolyt boilers are equipped with the following safety controls:

- 1. ASME 30 psi boiler pressure relief valve.
- 2. Overheating coil.
- 3. Syr non-electric valve or equal.
- 4. ASME temperature and pressure relief valve relieving at no greater pressure than 150 psi and water temperature not above 210°F for boilers with domestic hot water tank.
- 5. Vacuum breaker for boilers with domestic hot water tank.
- 6. 1 High limit control which cannot be set above 220°F.
- 7. 1 Samson combustion air regulating valve which cannot be set above 100°C or 212°F.
- 8. Honeywell primary safety control with no greater than 45 second flame failure timing devices (or equal) supplied with burner.

Directions for setting and operating non-electric combustion air damper control for solid fuel firing.

The control furnished by the manufacturer is a Samson non-electric regulator or equal which cannot be set over 100°C (212°F). In order to properly position this regulator the red numbers should be used. Set the regulator on 30°C (86°F) and run the oil burner



until the primary water temperature (bottom temperature gauge) reads 30°C and then stop the burner using the burner switch on the panel. Adjust the chain from the Samson valve to the bracket of the combustion air damper so that the damper remains in a closed position when the chain is taught.

Caution: This adjustment should be set so that the primary water temperature will not exceed 100°C (212°F).

10. Control Panel

The control panel includes: 1 operating aquastat, 1 thermometer, 1 manual limit reset aquastat, 1 max. or min. aquastat, (1 DHW aquastat and thermometer. For use with tank model only).

11. Oil Burner

The oil burner furnished is a carlin CRD or oil burner approved by Repco Products Corporation UL-listed product incorporating listed controls. When installing this burner refer to the installation manual furnished by Carlin or others. The firing rates of the Hoval Duolyt Multi-fuel Boilers range from .65 gallons to 2gph and adjustment must be made in accordance with the oil burner instructions. The firing rate must be determined from the Hoval specification sheets.

12. The power gas burner is a Wayne P-250AF with electronic, intermittent ignition, or other burners approved by Repco. Burner adjustment must be made in accordance with the Gas Burner instruction manual supplied by the burner manufacturers.

13. Combustion Air

Depending on the type of construction, insulation, thermopane windows, etc. your heating contractor should determine if air for ventilation and combustion is required. The standard for air requirements is available in the National Fire Protection Pamphlet No. 31. This should be referred to.

Secondary air is important when burning wood in order to prevent a smouldering fire which would result in creosote buildup.

Hoval Duolyt boilers provide two passes for combustion air. For solid fuel firing the primary air is introduced below the grate and is also introduced above the fuel bed through an adjustable air control located on the loading door.

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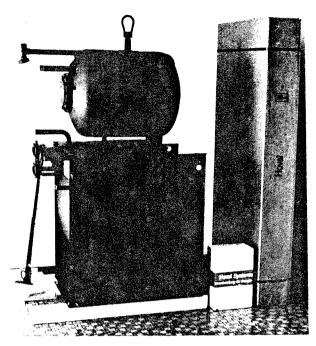


Photo 1
The Duolyt is shipped with separately packed jacket. Boilers shipped with domestic hot water tank assembled to boiler. Cartoned control panel only (if not assembled to jacket at factory.)

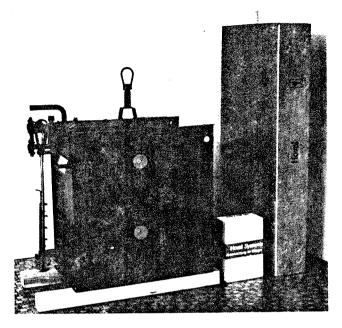
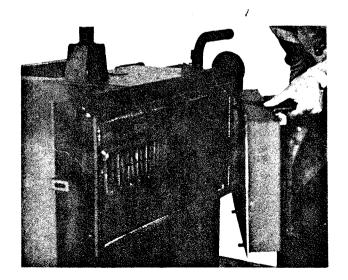


Photo 2
Duolyt less hot water tank is shipped with separately packed jacket, control panel (if not assembled to jacket at factory.



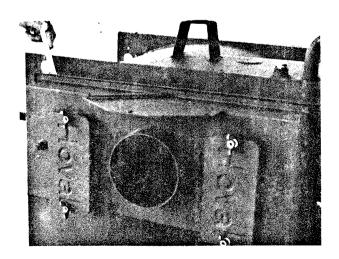


Photo 3 & 4 In case of difficult locating condition (narrow stairs or doorways (flue collector may be removed and re-assembled after location of the Boiler.

BVOI

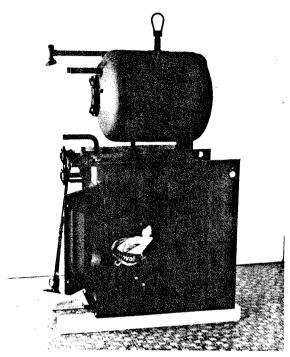


Photo 5 In the chamber area for oil/Gas (left door) you will find a plastic bag containing miscellaneous parts such as screws, handles, etc. Also find combustion chamber reflector Baffle for this chamber. (Duolyt #52 only)

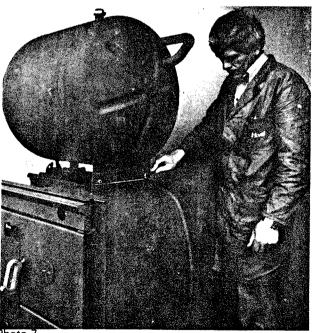


Photo 7

If tank has been removed for ease of delivery through doorways, proceed as follows.

- A. Lift hot water tank on top of boiler, place gasket between pipe flanges and assemble with (4) four bolts and nuts, do not tighten.
- B. Assemble (2) two bolts and nuts into tank and boiler support brackets and tighten the four bolts.

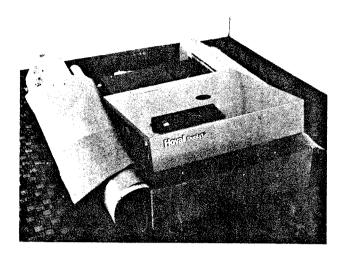


Photo 6
On some models the controls are mounted into top center panel of jacket. This panel is packed on top of the material contained in jacket carton (important for test run). If control panel is shipped separately, place control into jacket opening at top panel, and push central assembly into opening until plastic catches snap in place.

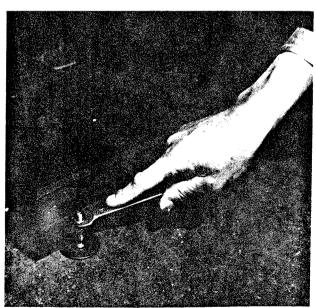


Photo 8
Remove both skids from underneath of Boiler Base channels.

IMPORTANT: Save nuts and washers. They will be used to adjust Boiler level. Lift Boiler on one side and place threaded Boiler support into the slots of Base channel. Level boiler with a water level by adjusting the lower nuts (1) on all four corners, place washers and counter nuts (2) and tighten. (Formally used for securing the wooden skids) and Boiler.

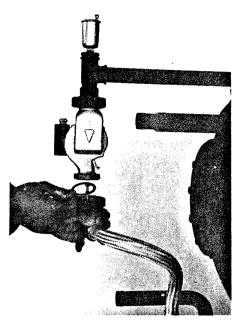


Photo 9
Install pipe Tee on Tank return pipe (use Teflon tape) install reduction coupling and pump coupling on flange. Install loading pump (not included in shipment) flow arrow pointing down. Mount check valve between two gaskets into the lower pump connection.

IMPORTANT: Check valve spring must be on top side. NOTE: Pumps with mounting flanges use (2) two flat rubber gaskets in mounting the check valve.



Photo 11 Install Samson draft regulator into the pipe socket on the right upper side of Boiler front.

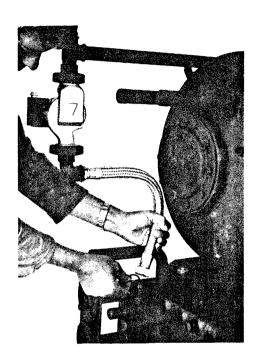


Photo 10 Connect flexible pipe with Tee connection of heating return pipe. Make sure no sharp bends will obstruct the flow.

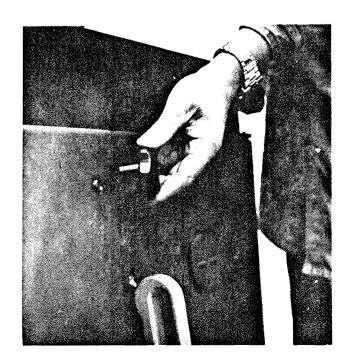


Photo 12 Lock door of oil combustion chamber with star handle.

HOV8

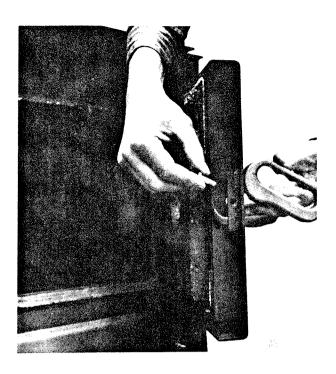


Photo 13 Install door handles onto the upper and lower right hand doors.

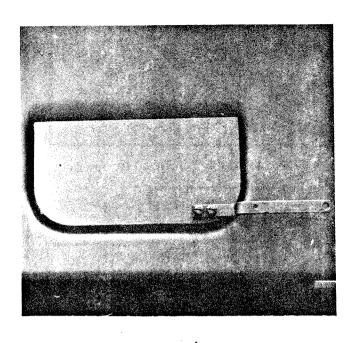


Photo 14 Mount bracket for automatic draft regulation to the air flop (Damper) in the ash pit door. Use screws supplied.

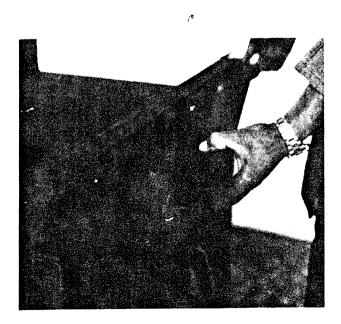


Photo 15 Hang door moulding onto the mounting pins above the doors. (Start on top of boiler)

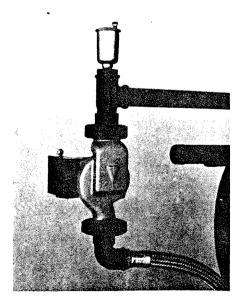
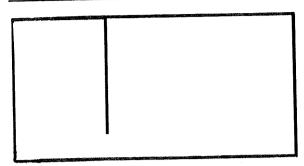
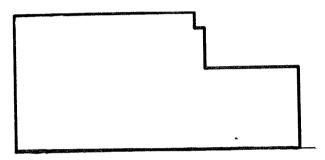


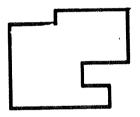
Photo 16
Install auto air vent into pipe (reducing) coupling.
IMPORTANT: Air vent must be used for correct operation of hot water tank.



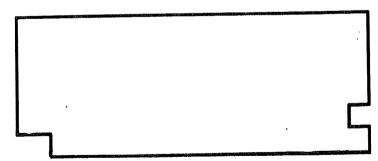
Sheet 1 = right Boiler side



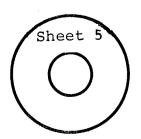
Sheet 2 = left Boiler side

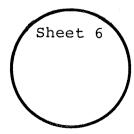


Sheet 3 = Covering pipe connection



Sheet 4 = Tank shell





= Tank crown Left = Tank crown Right



Photo 17 Place insulation (sheet 1) on right hand side of Boiler.

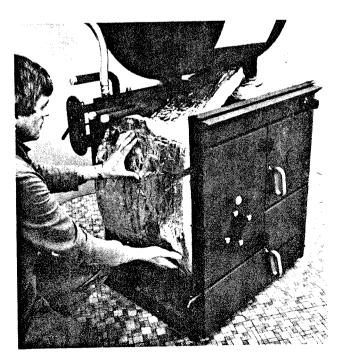


Photo 18 Place insulation (sheet 2) on the left hand side of Boiler.

HOVA

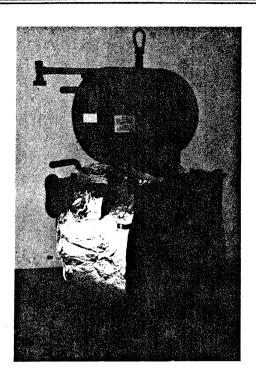


Photo 19 Place insulation (sheet 3) on top of the piping (Boiler).



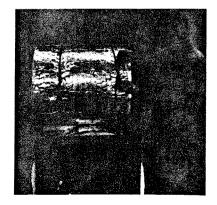


Photo 21 & 22 Cover tank with insulation (Sheet 4) and strap with two plastic belts.

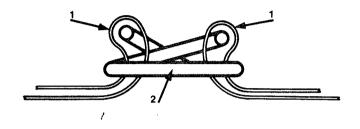


Photo 20 Place plastic belts in shackles at base, pull up on both sides and connect with buckles (2). Strap insulation moderately.

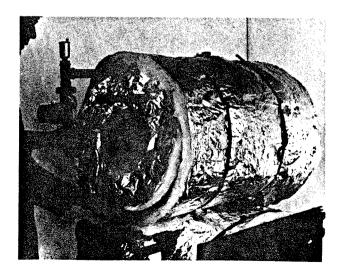


Photo 23 Place insulation (Sheet 5) left and (Sheet 6) right against the end plates of tank.

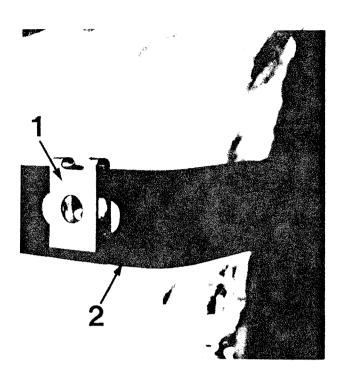


Photo 24
Installation of Boiler Jacket — Slide 5 Tinnerman clips (contained in plastic bag). No. (1) the clips (2) of boiler

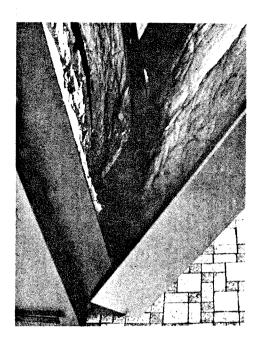


Photo 25 Slide right side panel behind base channel and push upright.

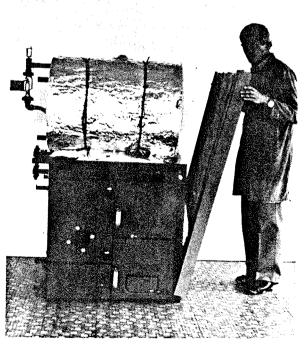


Photo 26

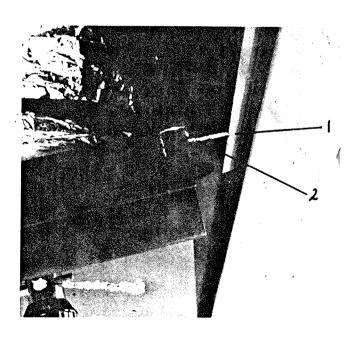


Photo 27
Place offset flange (1) of side panel into cut out (2) of boiler front shield.

Loval

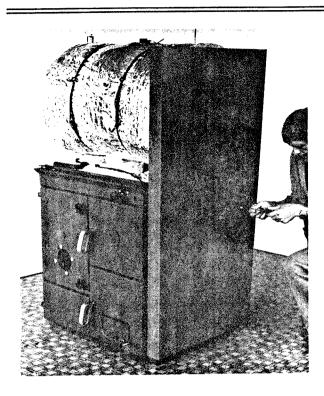


Photo 28 • Secure side panel with sheet metal screws.



Photo 29



Photo 30

Fasten front angle (Photo 29) and left rear angle (Photo 30) with two sheet metal screws to the brackets.

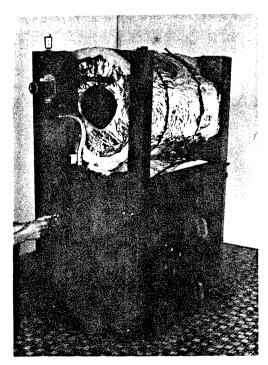


Photo 31

Install lower left side panel (Photo 31) and upper left side panel (Photo 32) with two sheet metal screws each. **IMPORTANT**: Do not tighten sheet metal screws.

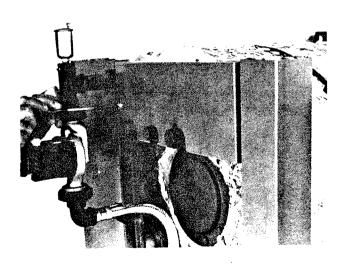


Photo 32

- CVa

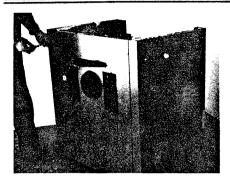
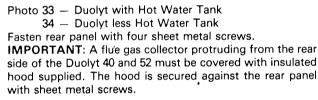


Photo 34



Photo 33





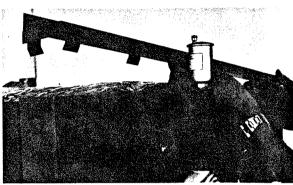


Photo 35 & 36 Installation of right and left hand cover of side panel on one small side as shown above.

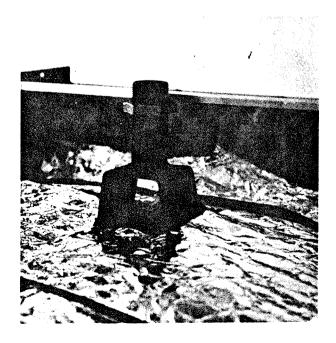


Photo 37 Adjust threaded nut (1) on suspension stud. Level with upper edges of side panels.



Photo 38
Place jacket top panel with control box (as shown in Photo Less HW tank) temporarily on top of jacket.



Photo 39
Installation of aquastat and thermometer
Sensors — Duolyt with hot water tank

The sensors of tank aquastat and tank thermometer are marked in red.

Introduce the 3 not color marked sensors with 4-sectorseparator along with boiler thermometer sensor and spaces spring into <u>boiler well</u>. Secure capillary tubes with clip (see sketches).

IMPORTANT: Avoid sharp bend in the capillaries.

- 1. Four-sector-spaces (copper) 3. Thermometer sensor
- 2. Spacer spring
- 4. Holding clip



Photo 41 Insert sensors marked red (aquastat and tank temperature sensor) using the sector-separator and spacer spring (1) into the tank well (2) secure capillary tubes with rubber plug (see sketch).

IMPORTANT: Avoid sharp bend in capillaries.

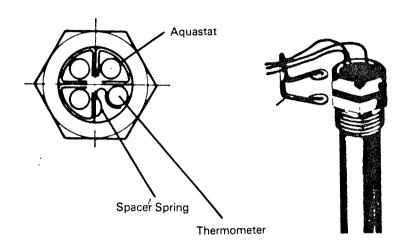


Photo 40 BOILER - WELL

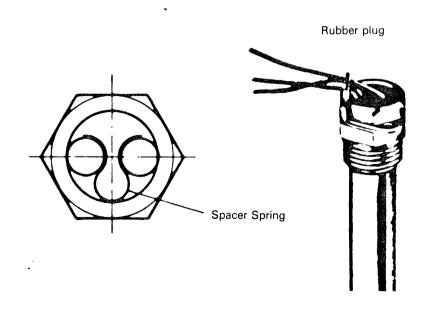


Photo 42

TANK — WELL (#2)

Spacer Spring (#1)

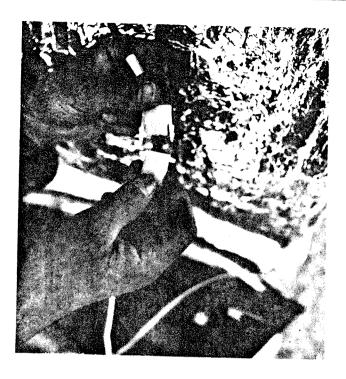


Photo 43 Connect burner cable with controls.



Photo 45
Place top center panel in correct position and secure with disc and threaded nut.

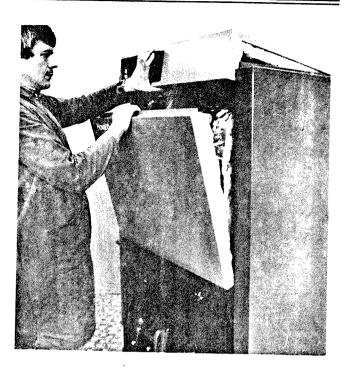


Photo 44 Lift cover, install front panel and clamp by lowering cover.

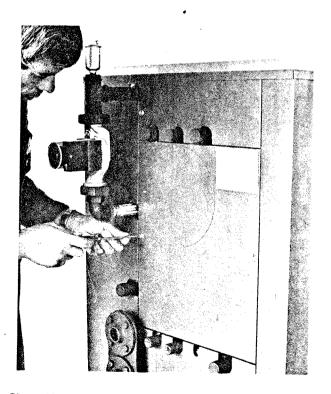


Photo 46
Install the center side panel and secure with two sheet metal screws.
IMPORTANT: Now tighten all sheet metal screws.

HOV8

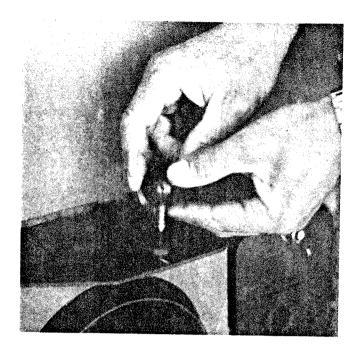


Photo 47
Screw ball head locking screw into the lever of flue damper. For automatic switch over place damper at ½ position. Some models have damper lever located on side of jacket. Mount ballhead locking screws and locate lever for proper operation.

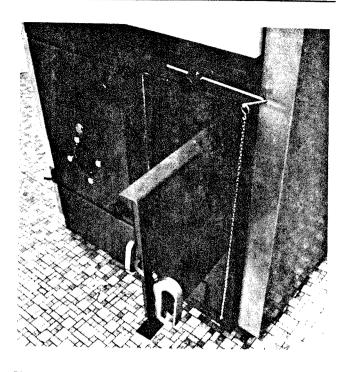


Photo 48
Connect draft regulator chain with air (Flop) damper according to suppliers instructions.

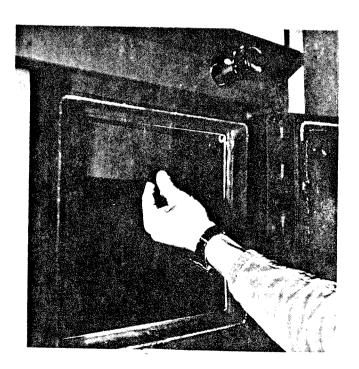


Photo 49 Check correct position of fume guard behind filling door of the solid fuel compartment.

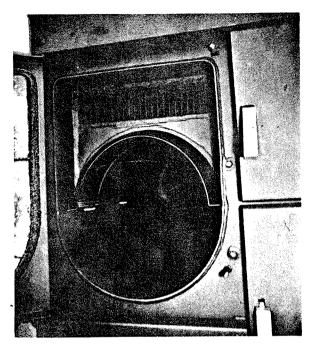
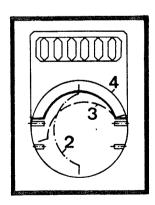


Photo 50

Insert reflector baffle upright into oil/Gas combustion chamber as shown in position (2) with flange tabs (1) toward front of opening. Rotate clockwise and position into the left lower brackets. (3).



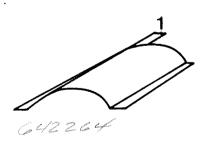


Photo 51

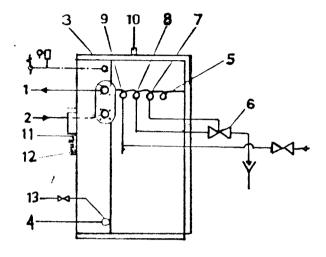
Insert reflector baffle upright into oil/Gas combustion chamber, Position (2) the spacer (1) being directed toward the rear. Rotate reflector clockwise and position into the right upper brackets (3) squeeze reflector slightly and place into the left side brackets. Slide towards the rear until spacer touches rear wall.



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION BOILER INSTALLATION PIPING CONNECTIONS — DuoLyt

(Sketch no:1)

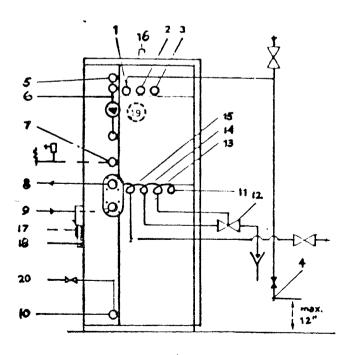
- 1. Heating supply pipe
- 2. Heating return pipe
- 3. ASME boiler relief valve/Exp. tank conn.
- 4. Boiler drain
- 5. By-pass mixing-valve for overheating protection
- 6. Thermal overheating protection
- 7. Socket for well overheating device
- 8. Safety overheat coil-conn. hot water drain
- 9. Safety overheat coil-conn. cold feed
- 10. Socket lifting eye
- 11. Smoke outlet breeching
- 12. Cleaning door
- 13. Pressure reducing valve (if required)



INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION BOILER INSTALLATION PIPING CONNECTIONS DuoLyt — DHW - TANK

(Sketch no: 1)

- 1. Dom. hot water/cold water feed
- 2. ASME temp, and pressure relief valve tank
- 3. Dom hot water supply to appliances
- 4. Drain for dom. hot water tank
- 5. Autom. air vent (to be supplied by customer)
- 6. Circulator return flow from tank (down)
- 7. ASME boiler relief valve/expansion tank conn.
- 8. Heating supply pipe
- 9. Heating return pipe
- 10. Boiler drain
- 11. By-pass mixing-valve for overheating protection
- 12. Thermal overheating device
- 13. Socket for well overheating device
- 14. Safety overheat coil-conn. hot water drain
- 15. Safety overheat coil-conn. cold feed
- 16. Socket lifting eye
- 17. Smoke outlet breeching
- 18. Cleaning door
- 19. Tank inspection cover (must be easily accessible)
- 20. Pressure reducing valve (if required)

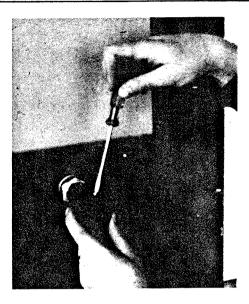


Lova

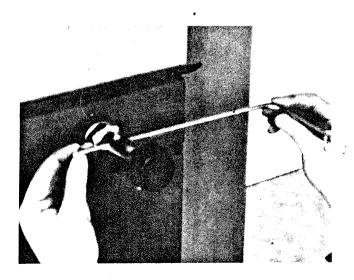
SERVICE SAMSON DRAFT REGULATOR

The Samson Draft Regulator is a thermal operated control, and the thermal element may be easily changed if the draft regulator fails to function. Before changing the element a few tests should be made to determine if the regulator is faulty.

- 1. Check draft door and make sure door operates freely.
- Check fill and cleanout doors and make sure doors close tightly (no air leakage.)
- Shut power to oil burner. Run circulator and cool boiler to 30°C (85°F).
- Turn knob on draft regulator so the red number 30°C matches the red line on the regulator body. Check the chain adjustment. The draft door should be closed and the chain tight.
- 5. Reset knob to 60°C. The draft door should open about 1 ½".
- Start burner and run boiler until it heats to about 60°C.
 The draft door should be closed at this point.
- 7. If the regulator fails to function, the thermal element must be changed.



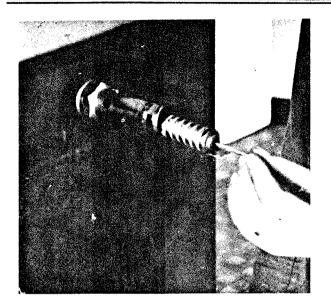
2. Loosen set screw on knob, turn knob counter clockwise off regulator body.



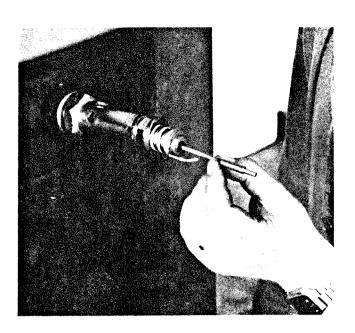
1. Loosen set screw and remove hex arm and pin.



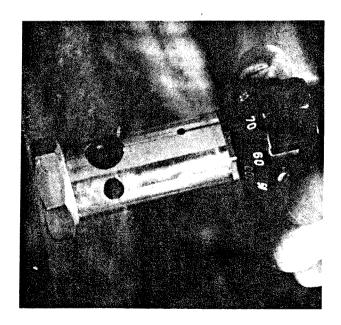
3. Remove push rod and thermal element.



4. Install new thermal element making sure that flat spot on thermal element is at the bottom or 6 o'clock position.

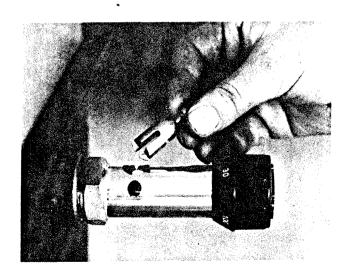


5. Install push rod. (on some models)



6. THIS IS THE MOST IMPORTANT STEP!

Match the red number 30 on knob with the red line on the valve body. Press knob in to overcome spring tension and turn clockwise to catch threads on valve body. Tighten set screw on knob.



- 7. Install drive pin and hex arm and chain.
- 8. Repeat step #3. Draft regulator is now ready to operate.
- When burning solid fuel, a setting of 80°C should operate the boiler correctly.

Hoval

MIXING VALVE

The Mixing Valve is a three-way heat activated valve and is opened by a hydraulic fluid when heated by the 12 watt resistance heater. The heater is energized by the R8239 relay mounted on the wiring harness on call from the thermostat on a single zone system, or the circulator relay on a multi-zone system. From a cold start it will take 15 minutes for the valve to open and 5 minutes to close when the thermostat is satisfied. On normal cycles it takes 8 - 12 minutes to open. For proper operation the cover must be in place

On a single zone system, the valve acts as a flow check so no flow check is required.

The valve has a knob to manually open the valve in case of power failure or valve failure. THE HOME OWNER SHOULD BE SHOWN HOW TO MANUALLY OPEN THE MIXING VALVE AND FLOW CHECKS.

VALVE FUNCTION

The valve is delayed in opening and will pre-temper the return water preventing cold water thermal shock and electrolysis. Also, the mixing valve is a fuel saver.

Because it is controlled by the thermostatic cycles, the mixing valve will not fully open unless a full demand is made on the boiler. This prevents overheating of the houses and excessive heat loss through the piping, thus saving fuel. On copper fin and tube radiation the mixing valve will also eliminate expansion noise.

Before replacing the valve head, make the following checks:

1. Place summer-winter switch located on master panel in the winter position. During this test shut off oil burner switch. Turn thermostat to call for heat, the R8239 relay located on the wiring harness should make contact. Remove cover from mixing valve. Place volt meter across terminals R and MP. A reading of 120 volts should be had, and the heater element should be hot. Install cover. In about 15 minutes the valve should open. Turn knob on valve clockwise. If there is resistance, the valve is not opening. If there is no resistance, the valve is opening.

replace the head. 4. If a reading of 120 volts is not obtained at terminals R and

3. If the coil is hot and the valve fails to open in 20 minutes

MP - place a jumper across terminals R and G on the R8239 relay located on the wiring harness. The relay should make contact.

If the relay fails to pull in, place volt meter across terminal R and C on the R8239 relay - a reading of 24 volts should be had. If a 24 volt reading is not had, check power supp-

If the power supply is 110 volts and the reading fails to make contact, replace relay.

If the relay makes contact and there is still no power to the mixing valve, check the #5 terminal for 110V located in junction box. If the #5 terminal is not hot, open master panel and check summer-winter switch. Replace switch if

5. On the old style mixing valves (the valves with the shift lever), the heater can easily be replaced. Check power supply to terminals R and MP. If you have power at this point, and the head of the valve does not get hot, replace heater.

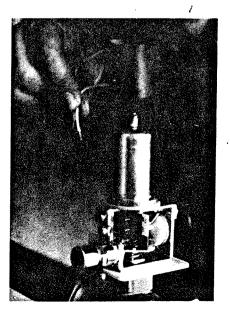
MIXING VALVE CHARACTERISTICS

- 120V + 109.
- Ambient Temperature should not exceed 140°F (60°C).
- R (line) MP (neutral).
- Amp Draw T300 12 Watt Coil .075 Amps.
- Amp Draw Old Style 7702 .35 Amps.
- Ohms T300 1100 Ohms.
- Ohms Old Style 7702 350 Ohms.
- The wire to the valve must be high temperature asbestos covered wire.

ASSEMBLING

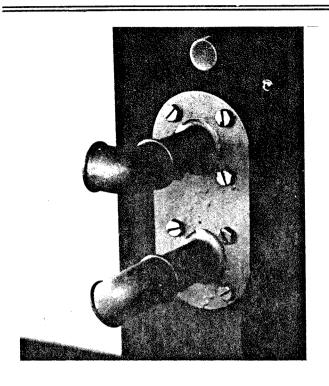
- Remove plastic cap from valve body.
- Position head to valve body and tighten hex nut. Make sure knob is in a position for easy operation.
- Turn knob clockwise a few times to loosen valve.
- Turn knob to the automatic position. Valve is now ready for operation.

POWER FLOW TO MIXING VALVE FROM MASTER PANEL

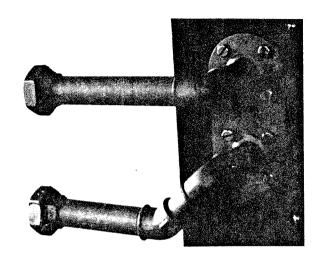


Ersate No 243535 Helm CIF 75.76

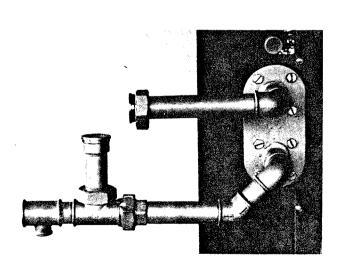
2. If a reading of 120 volts is obtained across terminal R and MP, and the coil is not hot - replace coil.



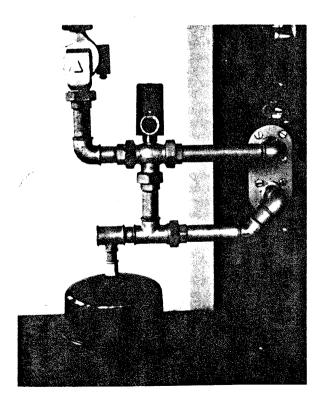
1. Bolt flanges to Boiler and install 2 1 $\!\!\!\!/ 4\,$ 90° els.



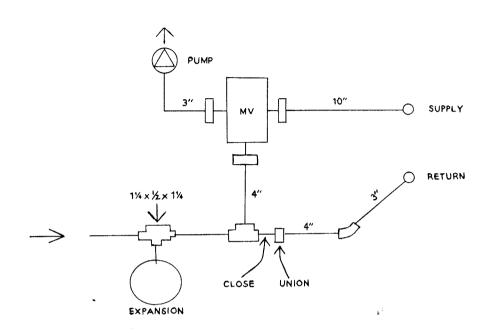
2. Install 1 1/4 45° el and 1 1/4 " union.



3. Install 10" nipple and union nut to top flange elbow.



4. Install mixing valve and expansion tank as shown.



5. Final piping.

MATERIAL REQUIRED

3 - 11/4 90° Els

1 - 11/4 Nipple 10"

1 - 1¼ 45° El

1 - 11/4 Nipple 3"

3 - 11/4 Close Nipples

1 - 11/4 x 3/4 x 11/4 T

2 - 11/4 Nipples 4"

OVERHEAT AQUASTAT INFORMATION

The Duolyt boiler comes equipped with an overheat aquastat that may be used to cool the boiler in an overheat situation before the Syr non-electric overheat valve is activated.

This overheat aquastat is factory set at 90°C (195°F). The Syr overheat valve is preset at 204°F.

If the boiler should overheat, the aquastat will start a pump, open the mixing valve, and dump excess heat into the radiation when the primary water reaches 195°F.

If the water temperature continues to climb, the Syr overheat valve will open when the temperature reaches 204°F and cold water will flow through the overheat coil, cooling down the boiler.

The electrical connections for the oveheat aquastat (9 and 10) are located in the junction box on the top jacket panel at the rear of the panel.

SINGLE ZONE SYSTEM

Using bell wire, connect terminals 9 and 10 to terminals R and G located on the R8239 G relay fastened to the wiring harness. If the boiler should overheat, the relay will start the pump and open the mixing valve.

MULTI-ZONE SYSTEM WITH PUMPS USING R845 CIRCULATOR RELAY

Using bell wire, connect terminals 9 and 10 to the TT terminals on one R845 relay. If the boiler should overheat, the aquastat will energize the zone chosen as the dump zone.

MULTI-ZONE WITH ZONE VALVES

Using bell wire, connect terminals 9 and 10 to zone valve thermostat connections. This means that the overheat aquastat and the thermostat are wired in parallel.

If the boiler should overheat, the aquastat will open the zone valve which will then start the pump and open the mixing valve.

